

A Guide to Grace Periods for Patents, Designs, and Utility Models

What is a Grace Period?

In most countries, when obtaining protection for a valid patent, utility model, or design, the subject matter must have novelty over the relative prior art, which refers to any materials that were publicly available before the filing date. In general, this is an 'absolute novelty' requirement. However, some countries operate a 'grace period' in relation to the novelty requirement. The grace period is whereby publication of the invention or design for a limited period before filing the application for a patent, utility model or registered design does not invalidate the resulting rights. Usually, such publications are limited to:

- Publication by the inventor/designer or with their authorisation; and
- Publication of the invention or design made in breach of confidence

What's the Difference Between a Patent, Utility Model and Registered Design?

Patents grant rights over a new technical solution that addresses a specific technical problem, provided such a solution demonstrates an inventive concept. The scope of protection is determined by the wording of the claims of the patent. Typically, patents have a maximum duration of 20 years from filing. Requirements for obtaining patents are that the invention has (1) novelty, meaning it cannot have been disclosed anywhere in the world before the earliest effective filing date, known as the priority date (including publications, public use, or sales), (2) involves an inventive step, meaning it is not obvious to a person skilled in the relevant technical field, and (3) must be capable of being made or used in some kind of industry. Most countries have a patent system.

Utility Models (also known as short term, or petty patents) protect the technical solutions in much the same way as an invention. In all respects a utility model is very similar to a patent, except the term is usually shorter, typically 10 years from filing. The requirements are either 'novelty only', or 'novelty and inventive merit' or 'inventive character', depending on the country. Typically, utility models are easier to obtain than patents because there is either no requirement to show a full inventive step, or the requirement to show inventive merit is much lower than that required for a full patent. Utility model rights are not uniformly recognised worldwide; many countries do not have a utility model system.

Registered Designs generally protect the appearance of a product (its aesthetic aspects) rather than technical functionality. The period for registered designs varies from state to state, with a maximum term typically being between 10 or 25 years from filing, depending on the territory. There is generally a novelty only requirement for registration. Protection is by line drawing or photographic representations. In the UK, the registration of a design gives the registered



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proprietor the exclusive right to use the design and any design which does not produce on

the informed user a different overall impression. In determining whether a design produces a different overall impression on the informed user, the degree of freedom of the author in creating his design shall be taken into consideration (ref Section 7 of the United Kingdom's Registered Designs Act 1949). Other countries have different local novelty requirements.

While they offer a vital second chance, grace periods are far from universal, varying significantly between patents, designs, and utility models, and across different international jurisdictions. To help navigate these differences, in the following pages we have put together a handy look-up table listed by jurisdiction. We have made best endeavours to ensure that the grace periods listed are correct at the time of writing. Grace periods may have changed since this article was created. Please consult us for up-to-date information on any particular country.

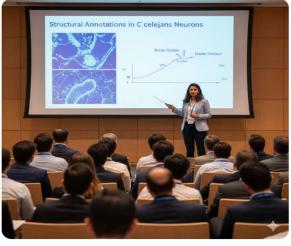
Public Disclosure

A public disclosure can be made either:

- By the inventor / designer or with the inventor's or designers or right holder's permission; or
- In breach of confidence
- At an exhibition or in a research paper.

The grace periods shown in the table following relate to general public disclosures with the inventor's, designer's or right holder's permission. If a public disclosure is made in breach of an obligation of confidentiality, then some states also allow for valid patent or design rights to be filed by the person entitled to the right, for a short period after public disclosure. These periods are not shown in the following tables.

If you have situation where a public disclosure has been made in breach of an obligation of confidence, please contact us for specific advice. Similarly, where the disclosure was made at a conference, in a research paper, by a patent application of the applicant, or at a qualifying exhibition. In some cases, these types of public disclosures are especially exempted, and specific advice needs to be sought in each country of interest.







Grace Periods for Patents, Utility Models and Designs in States Party to the PCT, Paris Convention or Members of the World Trade Organization

States/Members	Patents	Utility Models	Designs
Afghanistan (AF)	Corresponding law difficult to interpret	NONE	No corresponding law access
Albania (AL)	6 months	6 months	12 months
	12 months	N/A	NONE
Algeria (DZ)	6 months	N/A	
Andorra (AD)			No corresponding law access
Angola (AO)	6 months	Novelty requirement is not clear	NONE
Antigua and Barbuda (AG)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Argentina (AR)	12 months	12 months	6 months
Armenia (AM)	12 months	12 months	12 months Grace period is mentioned but not
Australia (AU)	12 months	12 months	specified
Austria (AT)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Azerbaijan (AZ)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Bahamas (BS)	12 months	N/A	No corresponding law access
Bahrain (BH)	12 months	N/A	6 months
Bangladesh (BD)	Corresponding law difficult to interpret	N/A	Corresponding law difficult to interpret
Barbados (BB)	12 months	N/A	6 months
Belarus (BY)	12 months	12 months	6 months
Belgium (BE)	6 months / EP	N/A	12 months
Belize (BZ)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Benin (BJ)	6 months*	6 months*	No corresponding law access
Bhutan (BT)	12 months	N/A	12 months
Bolivia (Plurinational State of) (BO)	12 months	N/A	No corresponding law access
Bosnia and Herzegovina (BA)	6 months	N/A	12 months
Botswana (BW)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	12 months in accordance with the
Brazil (BR)	12 months	12 months	provisions to the national law** 180 days
Brunei Darussalam (BN)	12 months	N/A	12 months
Bulgaria (BG)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Burkina Faso (BF)	6 months*	6 months*	No corresponding law access
Burundi (BI)	No corresponding national law access 12 months	No corresponding national law access 12 months	NONE
Cambodia (KH)	12 months	12 months	12 months
,	6 months*	6 months*	No corresponding law access
Cameroon (CM)	No corresponding national law access 12 months	No corresponding national law access	-
Canada (CA)		N/A	12 months 12 months in accordance with the
Cabo Verde (CV)	12 months / 6 months** 6 months*	12 months / 6 months** 6 months*	provisions to the national law**
Central African Republic (CF)	No corresponding national law access 6 months*	No corresponding national law access 6 months*	No corresponding law access
Chad (TD)	No corresponding national law access	No corresponding national law access	No corresponding law access
Chile (CL)	12 months	12 months	NONE
China (CN)	6 months	6 months	6 months
Colombia (CO)	12 months	12 months	NONE
Comoros (KM)	6 months* Grace period is not mentioned in the national law	6 months* Utility models are not mentioned in the national law	Grace period is mentioned but not specified
Congo (CG)	6 months* No corresponding national law access	6 months* No corresponding national law access	No corresponding law access
Costa Rica (CR)	12 months	12 months	NONE
Côte d'Ivoire (CI)	6 months* No corresponding national law access	6 months* No corresponding national law access	No corresponding law access
Croatia (HR)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Cuba (CU)	Grace period is mentioned but not specified	Grace period is mentioned but not specified	Grace period is mentioned but not specified
Cyprus (CY)	6 months EP	N/A	12 months
Czechia (CZ)	6 months	6 months	NONE
DPR of Korea (KP)	6 months	6 months	NONE
DR Congo (CD)	6 months	N/A	6 months
Denmark (DK)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Djibouti (DJ)	12 months	N/A	12 months
Dominica (DM)	12 months	12 months	12 months



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Dominican Republic (DO)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Ecuador (EC)	12 months	12 months	NONE
Egypt (EG)	6 months	6 months	6 months
El Salvador (SV)	12 months	12 months	24 months
Equatorial Guinea (GQ)	6 months* No corresponding national law access	6 months* No corresponding national law access	No corresponding law access
Estonia (EE)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Ethiopia (ET)	12 months	6 months	12 months
Eurasian Patent Organisation	6 months	N/A	N/A
European Patent / Unitary Patent Protection / Community Design	6 months	N/A	N/A
Fiji (FJ)	12 months	N/A	6 months
Finland (FI)	6 months	6 months	12 months
France (FR)	6 months / EP	6 months	12 months
Gabon (GA)	6 months*	6 months*	No corresponding law access
Gambia (GM)	No corresponding national law access 6 months / 6 months** / GB patent	No corresponding national law access 6 months / 6 months**	NONE **
Georgia (GE)	extension 12 months	12 months	12 months
	6 months	6 months	12 months
Germany (DE)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	12 months in accordance with the
Ghana (GH)			provisions to the national law**
Greece (GR)	6 months / EP	6 months	12 months
Grenada (GD)	12 months	12 months	N/A
Guatemala (GT)	12 months 6 months* / No corresponding national	12 months 6 months* / No corresponding national	6 months
Guinea (GN)	law access 6 months* / No corresponding national	law access 6 months* / No corresponding national	No corresponding law access
Guinea-Bissau (GW)	law access	law access	No corresponding law access
Guyana (GY)	6 months	N/A	6 months
Haiti (HT)	No corresponding law access	N/A	No corresponding law access
Holy See (VA)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Honduras (HN)	12 months	12 months	N/A
Hong Kong, China (HK)	Not a WIPO member	Not a WIPO member	Not a WIPO member
Hungary (HU)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Iceland (IS)	6 months	N/A	12 months
India (IN)	12 months	N/A	6 months
Indonesia (ID)	6 months	N/A	N/A
Iran (Islamic Republic of) (IR)	6 months	N/A	NONE
Iraq (IQ)	NONE	N/A	NONE
Ireland (IE)	6 months / EP	N/A	12 months
Israel (IL)	6 months	N/A	12 months
Italy (IT)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Jamaica (JM)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Japan (JP)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Jordan (JO)	12 months	N/A	12 months
Kazakhstan (KZ)	6 months	6 months	6 months 12 months in accordance with the
Kenya (KE)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	provisions to the national law**
Kuwait (KW)	Law is difficult to interpret	Law is difficult to interpret	Law is difficult to interpret
Kyrgyzstan (KG)	12 months	6 months	6 months
Lao PDR (LA)	NONE	12 months	NONE
Latvia (LV)	6 months / EP	N/A	12 months
Lebanon (LB)	NONE	N/A	NONE
Lesotho (LS)	6 months / 6 months**	6 months / 6 months**	6 months in accordance with the provisions to the national law**
Liberia (LR)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	12 months in accordance with the provisions to the national law**
Libya (LY)	NONE	N/A	NONE
Liechtenstein (LI)	6 months / EP	N/A	12 months
Lithuania (LT)	6 months / EP	N/A	12 months
Luxembourg (LU)	6 months	N/A	12 months
Macao, China (MO)	6 months	6 months	6 months
Republic of North Macedonia (MK)	6 months	N/A	12 months
Madagascar (MG)	6 months	N/A	6 months



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Malawi (MW)	Grace period is mentioned but not specified / 6 months**	N/A / 6 months**	Grace period not specified. In accordance with the provisions to the national law**
Malaysia (MY)	12 months	12 months	6 months
Maldives (MV)	No corresponding IP law	N/A	No corresponding IP law
Mali (ML)	6 months* / No Grace Period mentioned in national law	6 months* / No utility models mentioned in national law	No corresponding IP law
Malta (MT)	6 months / EP	N/A	12 months
Mauritania (MR)	6 months*	6 months*	No corresponding IP law
Mauritius (MU)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Mexico (MX)	12 months	NONE	NONE
Monaco (MC)	NONE / EP	N/A	10 years
Mongolia (MN)	12 months	12 months	6 months
Montenegro (ME)	6 months / EP	N/A	12 months
Morocco (MA)	Law is difficult to interpret	Law is difficult to interpret	Law is difficult to interpret
Mozambique (MZ)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	NONE / NONE**
Myanmar (MM)	NONE	NONE	NONE
Namibia (NA)	6 months / 6 months**	6 months / 6 months**	12 months in accordance with the
Nepal (NP)	NONE	N/A	provisions to the national law** NONE
Netherlands (NL)	6 months / EP	N/A	12 months
New Zealand (NZ)	12 months	N/A	6 months
Nicaragua (NI)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Niger (NE)	6 months*	6 months*	No access to corresponding law
Nigeria (NG)	6 months	N/A	6 months
Norway (NO)	6 months	N/A	12 months
Oman (OM)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Pakistan (PK)	12 months	N/A	12 months
	12 months	12 months	12 months
Panama (PA)	12 months	N/A	12 months
Papua New Guinea (PG)	12 months	12 months	6 months
Paraguay (PY) Peru (PE)	12 months	12 months	NONE
Philippines (PH)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Poland (PL)	6 months	6 months	12 months
	6 months	Grace period is not mentioned	12 months
Portugal (PT) Qatar (QA)	NONE	N/A	Law is difficult to interpret
Romania (RO)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Russian Federation (RU)	12 months	6 months	12 months
. ,			6 months in accordance with the
Rwanda (RW)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months** NONE	provisions to the national law **
Saint Kitts and Nevis (KN)			No access to corresponding law
Saint Lucia (LC) Saint Vincent and the	No access to corresponding law	N/A	12 months
Grenadines (VC)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Samoa (WS)	12 months	12 months	NONE
San Marino (SM)	6 months / EP	N/A	12 months
Sao Tome and Principe (ST)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	12 months in accordance with the provisions to the national law**
Saudi Arabia (SA)	12 months	N/A	6 months
Senegal (SN)	6 months* No access to corresponding law	6 months* No access to corresponding law	No access to corresponding law
Serbia (RS)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Seychelles (SC)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	6 months in accordance with the provisions to the national law**
Sierra Leone (SL)	12 months / GB patent extension with 6m grace period / 6 months**	NONE 6 months**	Grace period not mentioned. In accordance with the provisions to the national law**
Singapore (SG)	12 months	N/A	12 months
Slovakia (SK)	6 months	6 months	12 months
Slovenia (SI)	6 months / EP	6 months	12 months
South Africa (ZA)	Grace period is mentioned but not	N/A	Grace period is mentioned but not
Spain (ES)	specified 6 months	6 months	specified 12 months
,	6 months / 6 months**	No access to corresponding law	No access to corresponding law
Eswatini (SZ)		6 months**	
Sweden (SE)	6 months	N/A	12 months 6 months in accordance with the
Sudan (SD)	6 months / 6 months**	N/A / 6 months**	provisions to the national law**



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Sri Lanka (LK)	12 months	N/A	6 months
Switzerland (CH)	6 months	N/A	12 months
Syrian Arab Republic (SY)	NONE	NONE	6 months
Taiwan, Province of China (TW)	Not a WIPO member	Not a WIPO member	Not a WIPO member
Tajikistan (TJ)	6 months	6 months	6 months
Thailand (TH)	12 months	12 months	NONE
Timor Leste (TL)	No mention of grace period	NONE	No access to corresponding law
Togo (TG)	6 months* No access to corresponding law	6 months* No access to corresponding law	No access to corresponding law
Tonga (TO)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Trinidad and Tobago (TT)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Tunisia (TN)	12 months	N/A	NONE
Turkey (TR)	12 months	12 months	12 months
Turkmenistan (TM)	6 months	N/A	6 months
Uganda (UG)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	NONE. In accordance with the provisions to the national law **
Ukraine (UA)	6 months	6 months	12 months
United Arab Emirates (AE)	12 months	12 months	12 months
United Kingdom (GB)	6 months @	N/A	12 months
United Republic of Tanzania (TZ)	6 months**. Grace period is mentioned but not specified	12 months / 6 months**	In accordance with the provisions to the national law. Grace period not specified **
United States of America (US)	12 months	NONE	12 months
Uruguay (UY)	12 months	12 months	6 months
Uzbekistan (UZ)	6 months	6 months	6 months
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of) (VE)	NONE	N/A	NONE
Vietnam (VN)	6 months	6 months	6 months
Yemen (YE)	12 months	12 month – although not clearly mentioned	6 months
Zambia (ZM)	12 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	6 months in accordance with the provisions to the national law **
Zimbabwe (ZW)	6 months / 6 months**	12 months / 6 months**	6 months in accordance with the provisions to the national law **

Notes

- Via OAPI patent application. No national filing
 Via ARIPO patent application. In addition to filing a national patent application
- Closed national route for PCT applications. Filing a patent application via EP route or directly to IB only ΕP
- applies to breach of confidence only

Extension of Existing UK Patents Abroad

Granted UK patents can be extended to countries listed in the table below. This means that each of these countries accepts UK patents as being protected in that country after completing local formalities.

Country	Time Limit
Anguilla	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Antigua and Barbuda	Independent registration only
Bahamas	Independent registration only
Bermuda	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
British Indian Ocean Territory	UK patents are extended automatically
British Virgin Islands	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Brunei Darussalam	Re-registration is not available for a GB or EP(GB) patent with filing date on or after 01 Jan 2012
Turks and Caicos Islands	5 years from date of grant of UK patent
Cayman Islands	Any time after date of grant of UK patent (no time limit)
Falkland Islands	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Fiji	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Gambia	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Gibraltar ¹	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Grenada	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Guernsey	Any time after date of issue of UK patent (no time limit)



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Guyana	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Isle of Man	UK patent included automatically
Jersey	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Kiribati	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Montserrat	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Nauru	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Saint Helena	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Saint Lucia	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Saint Vincent	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Seychelles	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Siera Leone	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Solomon Islands	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Tuvalu	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Vanuatu	3 years from date of grant of UK patent
Zanzibar	3 years from date of grant of UK patent

¹ PCT applications filed from 1 January 2021, which are subsequently granted in the UK, will automatically provide patent protection in Gibraltar. Gibraltar has own IP-laws, is a member of the Paris Convention and not a WIPO member. There is no national route to obtain a patent.

Changing Laws and the Need to Obtain Local Advice

The above grace periods are believed to be correct at the time of writing However, local laws change on an ongoing basis, therefore the information provided is not to be relied on as definitive legal advice and always needs to be checked with a qualified patent attorney in each country of interest.

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